

8-29-1918

Bulloch Times and Statesboro News

Notes

Condition varies. Some pages missing or in poor condition.

Originals provided for filming by the publisher.

Gift of Statesboro Herald and the Bulloch County Historical Society.

Follow this and additional works at: <https://digitalcommons.georgiasouthern.edu/bulloch-news-issues>

Recommended Citation

"Bulloch Times and Statesboro News" (1918). *Bulloch County Newspapers (Single Issues)*. 844.
<https://digitalcommons.georgiasouthern.edu/bulloch-news-issues/844>

This newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the Bulloch County Historical Newspapers at Digital Commons@Georgia Southern. It has been accepted for inclusion in Bulloch County Newspapers (Single Issues) by an authorized administrator of Digital Commons@Georgia Southern. For more information, please contact digitalcommons@georgiasouthern.edu.

Capital and Surplus

\$150,000.

Keep your Bank Account with

BANK OF STATESBORO
Statesboro, Georgia1,500,000 U. S. TROOPS
ARE NOW AIDING ALLIESGEN. MARCH ANNOUNCES THAT
THIS NUMBER ARE NOW OVER-
SEA AND ON WAY.

Washington, Aug. 24.—Announcing that to date more than 1,500,000 American soldiers have embarked for foreign shores, Gen. March, Chief of Staff, reiterated today his belief that the presence of 4,000,000 troops of the United States in France by next summer would enable the Allies to carry out any campaign they might desire for the defeat of Germany and the end of the war. Such declarations, Gen. March said, were founded upon cold-blooded study of the respective man-power of all the allies and of the enemy in June 1918, and "are not issued as propaganda statements."

Gen. March impressed the newspaper men who met him in conference today with the absolute confidence American officers have in their men as a result of the initial tests on the battlefields of France. He intimated that the somewhat sensational predictions which he had made were based as much upon these solidly qualified as in the numerical superiority which the War Department plans to give the Allied command by midsummer of next year.

"The American soldier deserves the confidence of the American people," said Gen. March. "On every occasion so far where he has been tested he has absolutely delivered the goods."

"My confidence in them is inspired and developed by serving with them and beside them in battle. I have ordered back from France certain men who have won distinction over there to give them increased rank in the divisions organizing at home. These men talk the same language I do. You do not find any lack of confidence on the front in France among the American forces."

"These officers are now telling me interesting things which have not yet come over in official reports. One officer reported specifically that in an engagement of the 1st American Division they captured sixty-eight German guns and brought them in at the rear of our trucks. On the same occasion they took 3,500 prisoners."

"Another officer reported that the Second Division, which he was with, captured ten complete German batteries, which they brought in and presented to Gen. Pershing. I have no recent reports have been forwarded to the department on the progress of the organization of the First United States Field Army, and the Chief of Staff was unable to say whether the concentration of thirty divisions definitely assigned to this force was nearing completion. This organization is being left entirely in the hands of Gen. Pershing, who is governed by instruction from Marshal Foch.

The fact that no mention has been made of American units participating in the French and British drives of the current week has led the firm belief that these troops have all been withdrawn and sent to take American positions in readiness for whatever move is assigned to them in the Allied plan.

Recent events, Gen. March said, emphasized that "the fine work of the French had been duplicated on the British front."

In answer to questions, Gen. March said the 83rd Division (Pennsylvania and Ohio troops) is serving as a replacement division, and the 37th Division (Ohio troops) is in the 4th Army Corps. The 79th Division (Maryland and Pennsylvania troops) has reached France and is in training in the rear of the line.

Members of the Senate Military Committee were assured by General March at their weekly conference today that stories of great unpublishable American casualties overseas are wholly false, and that casualties among the Expeditionary Forces are given to the public as promptly as the cables can transmit them.

Gen. March told the committee that because wounded Americans had been taken to widely scattered hospitals, many of them being brigaded with Allied troops, considerable difficulty is being experienced in compiling the casualty lists.

Complaints received by Senators from soldiers invalided because of wounds of delays in receiving hospital care while detached from their commands were brought to Gen. March's attention. Gen. March assured the Senators everything was being done to expedite the payment of these men.

A few patterns in early fall white Satin Hats JUST ARRIVED. Write for them at once. (15aug17) MRS. J. E. BOWEN'S.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

To the People of Bulloch County: I herewith offer myself a candidate for election to the Georgia legislature, subject to the primary of September 11. I shall, by reason of experience, be able to better able to serve the people, and will thank you for your support in the primary.

J. W. WILLIAMS.

To the Voters of Bulloch County: Influenced by the kindness of many friends in all parts of the county, I herewith submit myself a candidate for election to the Georgia legislature, subject to the primary of September 11. In every way possible I have served the people of Bulloch to the best of my ability when called upon in the past. I believe I shall be able to render service which will help in the measure to benefit my country, and will thank the voters for their generous support at the polls.

J. E. BRANNEN.

Sea Island Bank

STATESBORO, GEORGIA

SURPLUS AND CAPITAL—\$100,000.00

REMEMBER the boll weevil is with us, and is here to stay. What you want to do and should do is to build up a credit with some good bank, starting a deposit account as soon as you begin to gather your cotton.

THE SEA ISLAND BANK is prepared to help those who do business with us. We are prepared to furnish you government booklets telling you how to fight the boll weevil. Come, or write THE SEA ISLAND BANK, Statesboro, Ga.

WOEFUL NEWS FOR
THE GERMAN PEOPLE

ARE NOW BEING INFORMED THAT AMERICANS MEAN TO INVADE GERMANY.

New York, Aug. 26.—The woeful news at last is beginning to spread among the German people that an invasion in Germany is the inevitable outcome of America's unprecedented accomplishment in pouring soldiers by the millions into Europe.

The German army passed to the defensive last month when America's strength permitted Marshal Foch to wrest the initiative from von Hindenburg. The German people are now likewise passing to the defensive and realizing that Germany cannot win the war. Von Hindenburg's retreat before Foch's relentless pursuit is being put down by the German people for its true significance.

The German government has taken to the defensive, also, before its own people, by making known the fact that over a million and a quarter American soldiers are now in France. The Hohenzollerns dare no longer keep up the deception. America doesn't count. The danger of the Rhine falling to the American armies is too grave.

The sudden frankness of the Kaiser is a policy of despair. The Rhine area must now be put in a state of defense and the German people will be told that these activities mean von Hindenburg was planning conquest. The German government is now planning how to fight a defensive campaign over German territory which is destined to taste Belgium and France horrors and desolation of modern warfare.

The terrible fact is now presented to the German people that though there are a million and a quarter of America's vanguard in France, they are not being used in the present fighting. Where are the Americans?

For what purpose are they being held back? To these despairing questions there is but one answer possible for the German people. The Americans are assembling to carry the war into Germany. No modern first-class power has ever before been confronted by so desperate a situation as this signifies. Germany is beginning to know it. The Kaiserine is the first to have heart trouble.

FOR SALE—Good cheap real: J. F. FIELDS, Statesboro, Ga. (15aug17)

BAPTISTS PROTEST ORDERS SHUTTING OUT PREACHERS

Macon, Ga., Aug. 27.—D. B. Gray, secretary of the home mission board of the Baptist church, and George W. Green, director of the camp pastors of the same church, have gone to Washington to file a protest against the war department's order barring from camp Wheeler and other camps camp pastors and voluntary chaplains.

Major General LeRoy Lyon, commander of the Dixie division, recently issued an order to the effect that camp pastors and voluntary chaplains would not be permitted to hold services at Camp Wheeler after October 1. The army authorities have taken the position that as a number of new chaplains have recently been added to the army and represent all denominations, the regular army chaplains are able to look after the religious needs of the soldiers.

66 Years Success

The Wonderful Record of Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup.

Those medicines which live for even a quarter of a century are exceptional, and continuous use for over two-thirds of a century is indisputable evidence of wonderful merit.

Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup came into existence in 1852, and from that time to the present it has grown in the confidence and estimation of its yearly increasing number of users. Through all these years it has steadily grown in popular favor.

Its wonderful building up power is shown in the experience of Mrs. C. E. Chadwick, Seale, Ala. "I was all run down in health," she says. "I weighed only 104 pounds and getting weaker every day. I began the use of Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup and today, I am thankful to say, I am in perfect health and weigh 150 pounds. I attribute my good health to the use of that most wonderful medicine. I firmly believe there are numerous suffering people that could be saved and well by the use of Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup."

If you need a tonic, or a blood purifier, if your liver is out of order, your stomach troubles you, or you are constipated, have indigestion or dyspepsia, try Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup. It is purely vegetable and cannot possibly injure any one. It has been of wonderful benefit to others, therefore should command your attention. All dealers in medicines sell it and will recommend it.

W. H. ELLIS Drug Co.

TRY IT! SUBSTITUTE
FOR NASTY CALOMEL

Starts your liver without making you sick and can not salivate.

Every druggist in town—your druggist and everybody's druggist has noticed a great falling off in the sale of calomel. They all give the same reason. Dodson's Liver Tonic is taking its place.

"Calomel is dangerous and people know it, while Dodson's Liver Tonic is perfectly safe and gives better results," said a prominent local druggist. Dodson's Liver Tonic is personally guaranteed by every druggist who sells it. A large bottle costs but a few cents, and it is easy to give easy relief in every case of liver sluggishness and constipation. You have only to ask for your money back.

Dodson's Liver Tonic is a pleasant-tasting, purely vegetable remedy, harmless to both children and adults. Take a spoonful at night and wake up feeling fine, no biliousness, sick headache, acid stomach or constipated bowels. It doesn't gripe or cause inconvenience all the next day like violent calomel. Take a dose of calomel today and tomorrow you will feel weak, sick and nauseated. Don't waste a day's work! Take Dodson's Liver Tonic instead and feel fine, full of vigor and ambition.

J. F. FIELDS' REAL ESTATE OFFERINGS

Office First National Bank Building, Statesboro, Georgia.

Farm Lands

75 acres two miles northwest of Statesboro, 60 in cultivation, at a bargain.

213 acres near Register, 175 in cultivation, all fence, 5 tenant houses, good dwelling. \$75.00 per acre.

42 acres just out of the city limits \$1000.00 cash and balance easy terms

140 acres, more or less, 12 miles south of Statesboro; 65 in cultivation; good buildings; on public road; good stock range. Price \$37.50 per acre.

50 acres nine miles of Statesboro; 35 in cultivation; good buildings. Price reasonable and good terms.

I have about 260 acres with 160 acres of round timber five miles of Statesboro. Are you interested? Come to see me.

27 acres of timbered land about three miles of Statesboro.

173 acres, 2 miles of Statesboro, 75 acres in cultivation, 50 more suitable to clear. Good outbuilding, splendid 7-room house, on public road. Price \$33.50 per acre.

44 acres 3 miles of Statesboro; 35 in cultivation, good buildings, on public road. Price \$60 per acre.

City Property

A two-acre lot on College street, east front, a splendid situation for a nice home.

2 lots on South Main St.

6 large lots on Church street, close in and at a bargain.

3 lots on College Boulevard. Very good house and 18 acres of land. House would cost more to build than the price asked.

A good business block at a paying interest basis.

35 acres of land partly in the city limits.

Brick stables nicely situated. A splendid house at a reasonable price and good terms on Broad street. Do not overlook this.

These are a few places that I think are worth advertising anything that I do not think is at a reasonable price. I am very anxious to get a few small places as I have several parties that are in the market for small places, so if you want to buy or sell come in to see me.

J. F. FIELDS DEALER IN REAL ESTATE

Office First National Bank Building Statesboro, Ga.

Gin Notice!

I WISH TO STATE THAT I AM FULLY EQUIPPED AND HAVE PUT MY GIN PLANT IN FIRST CLASS CONDITION FOR THE COMING COTTON SEASON AND WILL THANK MY FRIENDS TO LET ME SERVE THEM

The price will be for upland ginning 66c per hundred pounds; for extra staple upland \$1.00 per hundred pounds; for sea island \$2.00 per hundred pounds, bagging and ties per bale, \$1.75.

ON ACCOUNT OF THE UNUSUAL CONDITIONS WHICH PREVAIL, I SHALL HAVE TO ADHERE TO CASH RULES. PLEASE DO NOT ASK FOR CREDIT.

L. A. WARNOCK
BROOKLET, GEORGIA.T. R. WARNS ON
U. S. PACIFISTS

Springfield, Ill.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, speaking here today in the state's centennial celebration warned the people to be on guard against the American Romanoffs and Bolsheviks.

"We are American nationalists," Roosevelt said. "We are not internationalists. We intend to do justice to all nations but the records of past four years show the internationalists, like the professed pacifists have played the game of the brutal German autocracy. American pacifism has been the tool and ally of German militarism, has represented and always will represent deep disloyalty to our country."

"For the moment the pacifists and internationalists dare not be too noisy. But let our people beware of them as soon as peace negotiations begin. With the pro-Germans furnishing the most powerful and sensitive elements, these people will prance in the foreground and furnish the rhetoric."

"Let us remember—when peace comes—don't trust the pacifists. They are the enemies of righteousness. Don't trust the internationalists. They are the enemies of American nationalism. Both of these types appeal to all weaklings, materialists, lukewarm Americans and faddists."

666 cures Headaches, Biliousness, Loss of Appetite, or that tired aching feeling, due to Malaria or Colds. Fine Tonic.

CHILDREN NO EXCEPTION

In Statesboro as Elsewhere Youth and Age Suffer Alike From Kidney Weakness.

Is your child weak, frail and pale? No control over the kidneys action?

Kidney weakness is a serious trouble for too serious to overlook. It may mean a life of sickness. Profit by Statesboro experiences. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Endorsed by Statesboro parents. Read this Statesboro mother's endorsement:

Mrs. Horace Waters, 51 East Main St., Statesboro, says: "I have given Doan's Kidney Pills to one of my sons who had been bothered by kidney weakness since childhood. He had very little control over the kidney secretions and it was a constant source of annoyance both to him and me. Doan's Kidney Pills strengthened his kidneys and made him stronger."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy, get Doan's Kidney Pills—the kind that Mrs. Waters recommends. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y. (22aug41) BESSIE W. TTS.

Batteries Are Different!

THE material used in most storage batteries are the same. Any manufacturer can buy the best antimony, lead oxides, tested rubber jars and hardwood battery boxes—most manufacturers do.

BUT MATERIALS ALONE DO NOT MAKE THE BATTERY.

THE secret of good battery lies inside the battery itself—in the inside, unseen construction. The top quality materials used in VESTA BATTERIES

can be duplicated—they are duplicated, BUT VESTA EXPERIENCE AND VESTA PATENTED IMPROVEMENTS CANNOT BE DUPLICATED. Vesta experience in the manufacture of automobile batteries extends over a period of 18 years. THE three great improvements in battery making are: INDESTRUCTIBLE ISOLATORS, IMPREGNATED MATS, PROHARD PLATES and the use of TITANIUM. All these improvements are covered by U. S. basic patents and can be used by no other battery manufacturer but VESTA.

VESTA BATTERIES IN STOCK FOR ALMOST ANY CAR. BATTERIES CHARGED AND OVERHAULED.

S. W. LEWIS GARAGE

PHONE 41 STATESBORO, GA.

Life Was a Misery

Mrs. F. M. Jones, of Palmer, Okla., writes: "From the time I entered into matrimony I looked with dread upon one month to the next. I suffered with my back and bearing-down pain, until life to me was a misery. I would think I could not endure the pain any longer, and I gradually got worse. Nothing seemed to help me until, one day, I decided to

TAKE

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"I took four bottles. Mrs. Jones goes on to say, 'I was not only greatly relieved, but I truly say that I have not a pain.'

"It has now been two years since I took Cardui, and I am still in good health. I would advise any woman or girl to use Cardui who is a sufferer from any female trouble."

If you suffer from any of the following troubles, if you feel the need of a good strengthening tonic to build up your run-down system, take the advice of Mrs. Jones. Try Cardui. It helped her. We believe it will help you.

All Druggists

NOTICE. All persons are forewarned not to hire or shelter James (Jack) Watts. He is a minor, and has left home without my consent. (22aug41) BESSIE W. TTS.

WORKMEN NEEDED IN
BRUNSWICK ACID PLANT

BIG GOVERNMENT INDUSTRY MAY BE REMOVED ON ACCOUNT OF LABOR SHORTAGE.

Atlanta Aug. 27.—That Governor Dorsey and Federal State Director of Employment H. M. Stanley are doing everything in their power to secure the labor to keep essential war industries in Georgia going, is shown by the fact that, following the Governor's proclamation of the twentieth calling upon all county and municipal authorities and the County Councils of Defense to aid to the utmost the Employment Service to furnish with in a week, as demanded by the War Department, five thousand laborers and mechanics for the completion of the government picric acid plant at Brunswick, the Governor on Saturday sent a telegram to the sheriff and chairman of the Council of Defense of every county in Georgia and the mayor of seventy-six cities and towns urging them and every loyal citizen to do everything in their power to aid in sending to Brunswick quickly the men needed to enable the War Department to complete the plant, on which may depend not only the success of our armies but the very lives of our soldiers. Further evidence of how seriously the situation is considered by the Governor and Director Stanley is given by the action of the Governor in issuing on Saturday a proclamation making the "Work or Fight" Act effective on September first, and of Director Stanley in rushing the printing of instructions for the enforcement of the act, from which so much is rightly expected in securing labor for making munitions, harvesting crops, and other essential industries.

The statement of the War Department that the mammoth plant, on which probably \$1,000,000 had already been spent, would have to be abandoned at Brunswick and erected in some other state unless the needed five thousand additional men are provided by Georgia within a week, and the splendid efforts of the Governor and Director Stanley and his employees throughout the state, have resulted in the sending of nearly one thousand men to Brunswick during the past week, and, as the urgency of the need and their patriotic duty is realized by the people of Georgia, they will respond so unanimously that the five

thousand additional men will be at work at Brunswick within another week or ten days, thus saving for Georgia a great industry after the war, will be operated permanently as a fertilizer materials and dyestuffs factory giving employment to thousands, and, at the same time, performing a patriotic service to our country and our soldiers of value beyond estimation.

The wage scale at the picric acid plant has been raised until, with the free lodging and abundant food at cost furnished by the plant, the workers make more money than is possible in any other industry. New quarters have been erected and furnished for six thousand men. The restaurant is superior to most of the better hotels and restaurants in the cities. For twenty-five or thirty-five cents a meal can be purchased that is better than can be obtained for double the money in most restaurants or hotels. Many of the office workers who live at Brunswick eat in the restaurant in preference to eating at home, and this is true of all from manager to clerks. The water supply is entirely from artesian wells, absolutely pure and germless and unlimited in quantity, and is pumped to every point for the convenience of the workers. Every dormitory has shower baths for the men, and all living and eating quarters are screened from flies and mosquitoes. It is true, also, that there are remarkably few mosquitoes at the site, which has little fresh water nearby and faces on the salt water harbor. The location is high and dry and the sanitary and health conditions are as nearly ideal as nature and a far-seeing government can make them.

Since the urgency of the need and the vital nature of the plant, which manufactures non-explosive ingredients for explosives, the final ingredient making it explosive being added in France; were presented to the authorities and citizens of Georgia by Governor Dorsey and Director Stanley, the disposition to obstruct recruiting of labor has practically disappeared to the fact that those who are recruited for the government may be liable under the recent Federal Sedition Act. The people of Georgia have always been as patriotic as those of any state in the Union, and, now that they know how imperative is the need of their aid in the operation, they will again prove that they are equal to the emergency.

As it now stands, the bill would stop sale of intoxicants January 1st next. At President Wilson's suggestion, according to Senator Sheppard, of Texas, prohibition advocates, postponement of the date agreed to by spokesmen of both factions. The President it was stated believes additional time should be given for financial and other adjustments.

In today's negotiations most of the prohibition advocates were agreeable to fixing July 1st as the date. They first insisted that it should be April 1st, but a majority were said to have consented to the later date. Opponents of the legislation were declared to be convinced that it cannot be defeated, and to be satisfied with the proposed extension of time.

Formal concern of an agreement is expected to pave the way for passage of the bill by the senate late this week or early next week.

BONE DRY NATION
NOT IMPROBABLE

SUCH LEGISLATION FOR PERIOD OF THE WAR LOOMS UP VERY STRONG IN CONGRESS.

Washington, Aug. 26.—National "bone-dry" prohibition effective July 1, 1919, and continuing during the war at least, loomed up today as a strong probability through compromise in congress.

An agreement for passage of legislation to stop sales of all intoxicating beverages on that date, leaders of both wet and dry factions in the senate tonight, seemed to be in sight. President Wilson was represented as not opposing the legislation, and senators believed the house would accept the proposal under negotiation. A definite "gentleman's agreement" in the senate is expected in a few days.

The war time prohibition bill, pending in the senate, came up for consideration today under the consent agreement made several weeks ago giving it right of way until disposed of, but was temporarily displaced, while the senate proceeded with the man-power bill. Then leaders supporting and fighting the prohibition legislation proceeded with corridor and cloak room discussions on the compromise.

As it now stands, the bill would stop sale of intoxicants January 1st next. At President Wilson's suggestion, according to Senator Sheppard, of Texas, prohibition advocates, postponement of the date agreed to by spokesmen of both factions. The President it was stated believes additional time should be given for financial and other adjustments.

In today's negotiations most of the prohibition advocates were agreeable to fixing July 1st as the date. They first insisted that it should be April 1st, but a majority were said to have consented to the later date. Opponents of the legislation were declared to be convinced that it cannot be defeated, and to be satisfied with the proposed extension of time.

Formal concern of an agreement is expected to pave the way for passage of the bill by the senate late this week or early next week.

Vote for W. T. W. Bankston for Railroad Commissioner—adv.

National Dry Goods Co.

14 East Main Street
STATESBORO, GA. GEORGIA

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE AND READY TO DO BUSINESS WITH A FULL LINE OF

DRY GOODS, SHOES, MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING AND LADIES' AND GENTS' OUTFITTERS.

We want you to come to see us because we have the merchandise you want and at prices you like like.

Don't miss this opportunity—this will be the only chance you can get at the present time, for merchandise is so high and cannot be gotten.

Remember the place with the values—

New Store New Goods New Ideas
NATIONAL DRY GOODS COMP'Y
New Store New Goods New Ideas
14 EAST MAIN STREET STATESBORO, GA.

ELABORATE PLANS FOR
U. C. V. RE-UNION

CITIZENS OF TULSA, OKLA., ARE RAISING FUND OF \$100,000 FOR ENTERTAINMENT.

Tulsa, Okla., Aug. 26.—The Tulsa Confederate re-union committee, composed of many of the leading citizens of Tulsa, have been engaged for several weeks raising a fund of \$100,000, and perfecting an organization for the entertainment of the 28th annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans' Association, the Confederate Southern Memorial Association and the 28th reunion of the Sons of Confederate Veterans, Sept. 24-27, inclusive.

The committee is assured of the necessary financial support, so that no fears need be entertained on that score. It is confidently believed that 100,000 delegates and visitors will attend this re-union, and that it will be one of the best re-unions ever held. Arrangements have been made to care, free of charge, for from 5,000 to 10,000 veterans. They will be provided sleeping quarters in the new, airy, spacious public school buildings of Tulsa. These buildings are of brick, one story in height and have ample toilet facilities. Free street car tickets will be given to all.

The committee is assured of the necessary financial support, so that no fears need be entertained on that score. It is confidently believed that 100,000 delegates and visitors will attend this re-union, and that it will be one of the best re-unions ever held. Arrangements have been made to care, free of charge, for from 5,000 to 10,000 veterans. They will be provided sleeping quarters in the new, airy, spacious public school buildings of Tulsa. These buildings are of brick, one story in height and have ample toilet facilities. Free street car tickets will be given to all.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—America will enforce damage claims against Germany at the end of the war, for loss of American lives aboard the Lusitania. This is the sole manner in which relatives of the victims can be reimbursed in view of the New York court decision dismissing the Lusitania suits against the Cunard company.

In that case, the judge held that the German commander's act was one of piracy and that Germany as the responsible party, should pay the damages. This will be one of the many lists of reparation claims Germany must meet.

Now She is Strong and Well

Berkeley, Cal.—"I was nervous, irritable, no appetite, could not sleep, and was always tired, so my housework was a great effort. After many other medicines had failed Vinol built me up and brought me back to my normal state. I have a good appetite and sleep well. Every nervous, weak, ailing woman should try Vinol. Mrs. N. Edmunds, 2107 Dwight Way, Berkeley, Cal. We ask every nervous, weak, run-down, ailing woman in this town to try this cod liver and iron tonic on our guarantee to return their money if it fails to help them. W. H. Ellis Co., Druggists, Statesboro, Ga.

Y. M. C. A. WORKER
LOCATED IN HUNTER PRISON

PROOF THAT CAMP SERVICE ABROAD IS NOT A SNAP NOR JUNKETING TOUR.

Paris, Aug. 27.—Carl D. Lytle, Y. M. C. A. worker, who has been missing since June 4th, has been located. He is a prisoner of war in Germany. A post card carrying this information has been received at the headquarters of the Foyer du Soldat here.

The card is the regular form issued to war prisoners and except for the statement that Mr. Lytle is sound and well gives no clue to the things that his friends would like to know about him. The card bears the post-mark of Limburg.

Mr. Lytle disappeared from sight when the Germans entered the village of Mezy during their June push on the Soissons-Reims front. He had safely made his way out of the town once but returned to rescue a woman and some children that had been left behind in the precipitate flight. When last seen he was entering the village from one side and a German advance guard was coming from another.

Mr. Lytle's home is in North Brookfield, Mass., and he is a graduate of Brown University and before becoming a Red Triangle worker was a school principal.

NOTICE. The city registration books will be open from September 1st to October 1st. If you desire to vote in December election, be sure to register. L. W. ARMSTRONG, City Clerk. (22aug41)

NOTICE. Buy your school certificates now and avoid the push. L. W. ARMSTRONG, City Clerk. (22aug41)

Now She is Strong and Well

Berkeley, Cal.—"I was nervous, irritable, no appetite, could not sleep, and was always tired, so my housework was a great effort. After many other medicines had failed Vinol built me up and brought me back to my normal state. I have a

BULLOCH TIMES

AND
The Statesboro News

D. B. TURNER, Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.00 PER YEAR.

Entered as second-class matter March 28, 1905, at the postoffice at Statesboro, Ga., under the Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

"OVER HOME" IS ALL RIGHT.

South Carolina may have her vagaries at times; most people and communities do. Her sisters may wonder what she means by running off after suspicious leaders and turning her back on wisdom and common sense at times, but they have a way of doing things to suit themselves, and if given time they can be counted on to come around all right.

Certain it is that her people of South Carolina are loyal. And one of their vagaries is NOT humbling the President of the United States in a time of crisis, as the figures from the election last Tuesday show conclusively.

She is loyal, and wholeheartedly in the war to win.

The knowing under of Cole Blaise, the free lance and anarchist of the Palmetto State, has an effect reaching far beyond the borders of the State, even as did the defeat of the other Bolshewiki, Vardaman, over in Mississippi, last week.

Georgia was watching both of the sister States and their lead will help her do right, if she needed help. Loyal people throughout the country were watching, and the outcome is an inspiration to them.

We dare say the Kaiser himself had an eye on the situation and looked with hope for the election of those two friends of his. He didn't get any encouragement from the election returns. He won't get any from Georgia on September 11th.

LABOR SHORTAGE.

A decidedly critical—almost desperate—situation exists in regard to the labor supply.

Advisers from Washington are that the present shortage of common labor in essential war industries amounts to one million men.

As a result of this condition vitally important war work is being retarded all over the country.

The Middle Steel Plant at Coatesville, Pa., manufacturing munitions for our army, has been forced to shut down part of the plant for lack of labor.

Unless 5,000 laborers are immediately forthcoming, construction work on the vitally important pieric acid plant at Brunswick, Ga., will cease.

Part of the construction work at Muscle Shoals, Ala., (though not the air nitrates plant proper) has been ordered discontinued for the time being.

A similar condition prevails with other war industries. All this because of a lack of labor—while many men, rich and poor, white and black, are still idling and loafing; and thousands of others are frittering away their time in non-essential work.

The condition is a shameful one for the American people to face. It must be changed immediately.

Unless we speed up the work of production in this country, the American army in France, whose glorious achievements have thrilled the nation, will face the coming winter with insufficient supplies. Our progress toward victory over the Hun will be retarded, and eventually widespread want will confront our people.

Labor slackers cannot ease their conscience by purchasing Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps at a per cent interest!

Newspaper men everywhere are coming to the aid of the Department of Labor to arouse the people to this peril. They are urged to make it hotter that hades for the loafer and part-time worker. To tell the fellow in non-war work that he must immediately get into some productive war-work.

Washington has just decreed that the following are non-essential occupations and that able-bodied men must get out of them:

Auto industry accessories; drivers of pleasure cars; cleaning or repairing or delivery of the same; sight-seeing cars; auto trucks other than those hauling fuel or doing government work; bath and barber shop attendants; bowling, billiard and pool tables; bottle and bottle supply; candy manufacturers and delicatessen (German in name); builders and contractors not engaged on structures for war work; dancing academies; mercantile stores; florists; fruit stands; junk dealers; livery and sales stables; pawn brokers; peanut vendors; shoe shines shops; window cleaning; soft drink and soda fountains; fountain supplies.

And there are others. Every per-

son knows what occupations are now essential.

Able-bodied men must get out of these lines of work and offer themselves to the nearest office of the U. S. Employment Service for war work. They will quickly be supplied with steady work at good wages, and will be helping the United States win the war just as materially as the men at the front.

A SADDENING FAREWELL

The departure of the large number of young men going away to the training camp last Tuesday morning was the occasion of the largest gathering that has witnessed the entrance of men into the service since the very first quota left in September of last year.

The manifestation of interest in young men going away to the call of their country is perfectly proper and laudable, yet we feel that the families of these young men ought to be reminded of their duty in the premises. Soldier boys are selected because they are capable of taking men's places, and the work before them is the work of men—not of weeping children.

The picture in the eyes of many of those young men who went away Tuesday morning, if they should, perchance, not come back before they are called upon to go across the water (which they will do), would have been an inspiration to cheerfulness during the long separation. A picture of the weeping loved ones can hardly be calculated to brace a youth to endure separation and the hardships to come.

And this is the picture which was left in the eyes of too many boys who went away Tuesday morning.

Weeping soldiers cannot fight Germany. They cannot look forward with cheerfulness to the homecoming which they have every right to expect.

A dozen or more young men in the party went away weeping, and their sorrow was added to become fathers, and sons, and even fathers, had come to the point of view. Sorrow is an emotion which cannot be controlled. It cannot even be subdued, yet it can be hidden in a measure, and it ought to be in times like that.

There were boys who went away in that party who laughed and cheered as the sunbeams moved out. They were the sunshine in a period of gloom. Their families were no less sorrowful at their going away, but they concealed their sorrow. They controlled their emotions by staying away from the train on which their boys were going. And they did well.

The leaving. And they did well. The face and a cheerful voice helped his mates who made no effort to bear their troubles in a manly way.

Be sorrowful that one's boys are leaving for a time, and that they are going out to face dangers which are men enough to do it. Be rejoiced that they are not rejected as unfit to bear the part of men in the struggle of men. And above all, let them go with as little added sadness as possible. If you can't bid them goodbye and Godspeed at the railroad station, leave the farewells to those who can, stay away from the presence of others who are trying to hold up under trials which are as great as yours.

It will take many men to win the war. Weeping soldiers are not the kind of which a country should feel proud.

VARDAMAN'S DEFEAT.

(New York World.)

There will be general satisfaction throughout the country over the defeat of Senator Vardaman in the Mississippi primaries by that fine, loyal American, Representative Pat Harrison.

For many years Vardaman has consistently represented all that was worst in Southern politics. His record in peace was little if any better than his record in war, although he served to emphasize the man's unfitness to be a Senator in the Congress of the United States. The country has seen no other such example of utter inconsistency in the career of a Mississippi politician.

As a colleague of John Sharpe Williams, the beneficial public effect of Vardaman's defeat is not likely to be confined to Mississippi. It will help to bring Blaine out of the South, without influence in relation to Hardwick's candidacy for renomination in Georgia. The South can find no better time to clean house and get rid of its professional demagogues and blatherers. In eliminating Vardaman it has made a splendid beginning.

666 cures Bilious Fever.

W. H. Woodruff, Macon, Ga., District manager, W. O. W., will be in the city for some days in the interest of the local camp. Let every Woodman rally to the cause to make the campaign successful. Join now—better safe than sorry. Price, \$6.00, including 7 medical examination.

MADDOO WARNS NOT
SELL U. S. BONDS

PARTING WITH LIBERTY ISSUE IS UNPATRIOTIC, INJURING CREDIT OF NATION.

"The credit of the United States is as vital to the individual and the nation as it is to the individual and the nation to a woman. Any man who thoughtlessly, unnecessarily or unpatriotically sells a Liberty bond is injuring to that extent the credit of the United States and adding to the difficulties of fighting the war."

The Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. McAdoo, made this statement last night at the Hotel Vanderbilt, and added that if the credit of the country should be injured through the sale of Government bonds the war could not be properly financed and "such a condition would be comparable to the loss of a great battle."

The Secretary and Director General of Railroads is looking over local terminal facilities. He inspected the Long Island terminals yesterday and expressed satisfaction with the progress being made. During his talk he touched upon the subject of the new 4 1/2 per cent loan would be announced as soon as he learned what Congress purposes in the matter of taxation.

After praising the public for its intelligence and zeal in Liberty bond buying he said he considered people who sold and did not need to be weepers and unpatriotic citizens."

Mr. McAdoo said the railroads are transporting 1,100,000 soldiers a month. This was to explain why passenger traffic was so congested. He hoped, he said, that the higher fares would more materially reduce travel, but they would buy bonds with the money thus saved, but Americans seemed to keep right on traveling and using parlor cars, no matter what the charges are.

"Naturally complaints have been made of shortage of cars," he said, "but I have found that the public, once informed of the reasons for any war conditions, is tolerant and willing to put up with annoyance. We are trying to give good service, but war needs are paramount."

Asked when the contracts with the railroads would be signed, Mr. McAdoo said he believed it would be soon. He denied that the delay was due to the Government, but laid it rather to the time demanded by railroad attorneys for argument and submitting briefs. He added that the railroads will receive just treatment, no matter what they say or expect.

666 cures by removing the cause.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

As a safeguard against a possible shortage of gasoline, the U. S. Fuel Administration has requested residents of that part of the United States east of the Mississippi river to discontinue the use of automobiles on Sundays for a few weeks. The full statement of the Fuel Administration is contained in this paper, and all exceptions to this rule are noted therein.

In order to forcibly bring this matter to the attention of the public in keeping with the spirit of the time, we, the undersigned, gasoline dealers, hereby agree to close our respective places of business on Sundays until further notice.

S. W. LEWIS,
AVERITT AUTO CO.
F. H. BALFOUR CO.
E. M. ANDERSON & SON,
BLITCH & JONES,
WEST MAIN GARAGE,
THACKSTON MOTOR CO.

AFTER ILLNESS
ZIRON IRON TONIC

When Your System Needs Strength, After a Sick Spell, Try Ziron

Your blood must have iron to give your body strength. Lack of iron makes many people pale, weak and languid. To put iron into your blood, take Ziron Tonic. It is the only tonic that gives you the iron you need to bring back appetite and build up weakened vitality.

J. E. CHITON, of R. F. D. 3, Lyons, Ga., writes: "Last summer I had typhoid fever and had hemorrhages of the bowels and my health was wretched. I seemed to be unable to get my strength back. I had no appetite, I had no energy, I didn't think I was ever going to get well. My knees were weak, my flesh felt clammy. I was in a pretty bad shape. I heard of Ziron, and what a good tonic and strengthener it was, and I sent for it. It helped me. I began to improve and soon felt much better and stronger."

All druggists sell or can get Ziron for you. Get a bottle today. It is guaranteed.

Your Blood Needs
ZIRON

W. H. Woodruff, Macon, Ga., District manager, W. O. W., will be in the city for some days in the interest of the local camp. Let every Woodman rally to the cause to make the campaign successful. Join now—better safe than sorry. Price, \$6.00, including 7 medical examination.

And there are others. Every per-

The War News Today Looks Good---
But The Peace News Looks Better.

We have some peace news that will interest you. The American people are into this war to win, as usual. We will win just as we have won every war we have gone into. We have the lowbrow Hun on the run, and we won't let up till it's over, over there. The bravest and best of our men are in France today and it is our duty to back them to the limit.

For that reason we should save and economize to the last dollar. Make every penny go as far as it will—and put all we can in Liberty Bonds, War Savings Stamps, the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. campaign. This is the measure of PATRIOTISM—not how much you make, but how much you invest, whether in money or blood to help win this war.

How can you save in this time of high prices. Here is the way. We saved our customers money a year ago when we bought heavily of staples, we are saving them money today when we are selling them new merchandise, every ounce of it guaranteed at old prices. This was our risk—it is your gain. Every department is full to the brim and running over with the very newest styles, and shapes of first class goods—and the price is low.

MEN'S PANTS
Great values, all sizes, styles, colors and quality ---- \$2.50 to \$7.50

BOY'S PANTS
All sizes, new styles, "the kind that wear a long time" \$1.25 to \$3.00

OVERALLS AND WORK PANTS
Both mens' and boys' ---- \$1.25 to \$2.50

SHIRTS
Blue Chambray, Checks, Drills, all patterns and sizes. Army shirts, white shirts, silk shirts. Prices from ---- \$1.00 to \$2.50

HOSIERY.
The biggest and best values we have ever had. Ladies from 15c to \$3.00; childrens', 20c to 50c, and these are strong, heavy ribbed, made to last. Mens' 15c to \$1.00 with some good values at 35c.

MEN'S AND BOYS' TIES
The most beautiful line we have ever had from ---- 25c to \$1.00

UNDERWEAR FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.
Knit goods will be hard to get this year in good values. We have a fine line now coming in that will save you money—and we can fit you. Bring the family when you come.

HATS AND CAPS.
We have just opened a part of our fall order. You will find here all the newest shapes and colors for men and boys with a few novelties for girls. We have the Khaki caps for the little fellows, and a splendid line of automobile and sport caps for the fellow who wants to look up-to-date. Our hat line is complete with prices ranging from 2.50 to \$5.00, with a bargain at every price.

STAPLE DRESS GOODS
Ginghams, 25c to 45c; Chambrays, 25c to 35c; Calico at 18c; Outing at 25c to 35c (some good values from last winter in this lot); Bleached Homespun at 25c to 30c; Sea Island at 25c to 32c; a few pieces of beautiful shirt Madras to go at the old price, 35c; Plaids at 22c to 25c; Canton Flannel, White Flannel, Drilling, Sheeting, Cheviots, Hickory Stripe, White Lawn, Linen, Linene, Fancy Dress Goods, Serge, Dress Plaids, Galatea, Curtain Scrim, Oil Cloth, Mattress Ticking, Bed Ticking, and a lot of beautiful novelties for fall dresses, including silk, wool goods, cotton novelties and the like. We have plenty to please you—and the price is lower than you have been expecting to pay.

SHOES
This is the strongest line we advertise. We are handling for the tenth season the famous STAR BRAND SHOES. We have sold these shoes in every neighborhood on this side of the county with a growing success. When a man buys one pair of Star Brand Shoes he is a customer forever. They make good every time. Why? because they are made of all-leather from tip to toe and guaranteed to give satisfaction. We have all kinds, sizes, styles, colors, and shapes. We have them for the week-old baby to a full grown man wearing a No. 14. The prices range from 40c to \$6.00. Give us the opportunity of showing you the line—you will buy when you see it.

AUTOMOBILE SUNDRIES AND TIRES
We handle the famous Diamond tire and tube, as good as you can find. We have a large shipment on hand, bought before the last advance, all sizes, and we can save you money on them. We also sell gasoline, oil spark plugs, patches, and grease.

AND THEN—WE ALSO CARRY FINE LINE OF GROCERIES
As full as you can find anywhere, farm supplies, tools, plows, harness, collars, pads, hardware, axes, nails, horse shoes, hames, traces, well pulleys, chains, plow lines, enamel ware, galvanized tubs, buckets, lanterns, measures lamps, washboards, tinware crockery, bowls and pitchers, locks, flies, shoe soles, backbands, stove pipe, coffee pots, coffee mills, etc.

WE WANT YOU BUSINESS
WE ARE PREPARED TO TAKE CARE OF IT. BECAUSE WE HAVE THE GOODS AT THIRTIEN PRICES. WE ARE GROWING EVERY DAY AND ARE ADDING TO OUR LONG LIST OF CUSTOMERS. BUT WE WANT YOU TO BE ONE OF THEM. IT WILL PAY YOU TO INVESTIGATE HERE BEFORE YOU BUY ELSEWHERE. WE MAKE A LITTLE FUSS AN SELL A LOT. IN THE MONTH OF JULY JUST PAST WE SOLD ALMOST AS MUCH MERCHANDISE AS WE SOLD THE ENTIRE FIRST YEAR WE WERE IN BUSINESS—WE HAVE GROWN EVERY MONTH SINCE WE BEGAN BUSINESS. THERE IS A REASON.

COME AND SEE.
McDougald-Outland Company, Inc.
"ASK THE MAN WHO TRADES HERE."
CLITO, GEORGIA

Statesboro, Ga.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

W. H. ELLIS DRUG CO.

F. H. Balfour Hardware Co.
16 EAST MAIN STREET.

CAN SHOW YOU ONE OF THE MOST COMPLETE

LINES OF

Stoves and Ranges

IN THE CITY.

ALSO ALUMINUM AND AGATE WARE.

EVERY ARTICLE GUARANTEED TO GIVE

SATISFACTION.

THE STORE OF ONE PRICE.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Want Ads

ONE CENT A WORD PER ISSUE

NO AD TAKEN FOR LESS THAN

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A WEEK

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

MISS MARION ROBINSON'S PRI-

vate school opens Sept. 2, at 11

Imman st. (29aug11-p)

FOR SALE—One 1917 Ford, in good

condition. JNO. P. LEE, States-

boro, Ga. (29aug11-p)

FOR SALE—If you are interested in

buying a piano, see CHAS. E. RICE,

CONCE. (29aug11-p)

FOR SALE—Good horse and new

Barnville buggy, cheap. B. B.

SOKRIER. (15aug14-p)

FOR SALE—Trained coon and pos-

sumounds, fox and cat hounds,

pointers and setters. J. A. BRAN-

DEN, 4 Courtland st. (15aug14-p)

STRAYED—Saturday Aug. 24, one

two-months-old female pig, black

with white spots. Will pay reward

to W. B. DONALDSON, 4 Grady St.

(29aug11-p)

STORE FOR RENT—A store house

for rent on West Main street, near

N. E. 4 Courtland st. J. A. BRAN-

DEN, 4 Courtland st. (15aug14-p)

FOR SALE—At a bargain, one 5-gal.

stainless Wayne Gasoline pump; one

550 gal. gasoline tank. Both in

good condition. F. H. BALFOUR

HDW. CO., Statesboro. (22aug14-p)

STRAYED—Jersey cow, medium

size, light cream colored, unmark-

ed. Strayed from my place Aug. 21st.

Will pay liberal reward for her

recovery. J. I. AYCOCK, Rte. 1,

Rocky Ford, Ga. (29aug11-p)

IF YOU are thinking of buying an

incubator, you will find that a

Buckeye is the best. Eggs hatched

on shares in lots of two hundred.

MISS MARGARET HICKLIN, Axt.

(29aug11-p)

ESTRAY—One red butted cow, with

yoke and piece of chain halter

on; came to my place Aug. 21st.

Owner can get her by paying for

this advertisement and for expense

of keeping. E. A. MOSLEY, Rte. 1,

B. Statesboro, Ga. (29aug11-p)

STRAYED—Large sized cow, colored

light red, marked crop in one ear

and two and two splits in other;

tips of horns off; strayed away

from my place Aug. 20. Will pay

liberal reward for her recovery. G.

T. BEASLEY, Statesboro, R. 3.

(29aug11-p)

ESTRAY—To my place in Statesboro

(Jacksonville) Monday Aug. 19,

one large black cow with three

white feet and white star on face,

and upper-bit in each ear. Owner

can recover by paying all damages.

CORNELIUS BARNES, Rte. C,

Box 108 Statesboro, Ga. (29aug11-p)

LOST—Morocco folding pocketbook,

containing identification card, mili-

tary courtesy card, some impor-

tant papers and some currency.

Was lost on road between New

and Port St. Thursday night. Ad-

dress reads "Serge. Paul M. Brannen,"

man, care Mrs. W. W. Brannen." (29aug11-p)

REGISTERED Hampshire service

boar, Teddy 43835; fee, \$3; after

June 15th, \$5. I have bought the

1917 Hampshire Sows, Bitlice

champion, Starline Pair Junior

97170. This sow is not for sale,

but may be seen at my place, near

Middle Ground church. Pedigreed

planting seed will be grown on this

farm. O. T. HARPER, Route 4.

STRAYED—Two cows strayed from

my place three and one-half miles

west of Statesboro on Saturday,

Aug. 17, one butted, colored

dark red, marked upper-jaw, one

ear and smooth crop in other;

the other cow light red, marked

swallow-fork and under-bit in each

ear. Also light red steer about 8

months old strayed away about six

DON'T FAIL TO ATTEND AUCTION SALE FARMS

AT THE YOUNG PLACE TUESDAY, SEPT. 17TH, 1918

2,000 acres of the best grade of red pebble land with 500 acres in high state of cultivation and ten tenant houses, all divided into small farms and sold on terms of 1-4 cash and as long as 10 years on balance.

Music by band and barbecue dinner will be served to all who attend. Everybody cordially invited.

For particulars address
C. E. CONE REALTY CO.

Statesboro, Georgia

Cold Water

Sure, you can use GRANDMA in cold water. Cold, hot, hard, or soft water—It's all the same to GRANDMA. She wades right in and produces wonderful cleansing suds—suds that just drive the dirt out—suds that make the clothes come out gloriously fragrant, sweet and fresh. GRANDMA saves time, work and soap, too.

It's Powdered. No more sifting or chipping of bar soap. Measure out just what you need, no more. GRANDMA is safe for your finest shirtwaist. It can't harm anything.

Wash the Woolen Socks You Knit with Grandma

GRANDMA'S Powdered Soap

Your Grocer Has It!

FRENCH CAPTURE MAN WHO SANK LUSITANIA

Paris, Aug. 27.—Lieut. Schweiger, the man who sank the Lusitania, has been captured by a French patrol boat in the Mediterranean, according to the Journal. A large submarine of which he was second in command, had just torpedoed a British steamer between Malta and Sicily. The German was waiting to see the vessel sink when two French patrol boats emerged from the fog and sank the U-boat. Of the crew of 75 only one officer and four men were rescued by the patrol boats.

NEW KIND OF CALOMEL SAFE AND DELIGHTFUL

The new kind of calomel, known as Calotabs, retains all of the good medicinal virtues of the old style calomel, yet is entirely purified from all the nauseating, disagreeable and dangerous qualities. You can, therefore, eat what you please and go where you please with no loss of time from your work.

ESTRAY

Three cows, one light Jersey colored cow about six years old; one deep red colored heifer about two years old and one yearling 8 months old, colored deep red. Have been at my place about three or four months. Owner can recover by paying me \$10.00. C. T. JONES, Statesboro, Rte. 2. (22Aug-18)

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF THE CELEBRATED

Reed's Enamel, Galvanized, Anti-Rust and Tinware

MAGNOLIA BUTTER—has a taste that lingers.

LADIES CLUB COFFEE—makes breakfast a pleasure.

GARDEN SEEDS.

FULL LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

We can please both in price and quality.

LOADED SHELLS—See us before you buy.

THE BLAND GROCERY COMPANY

A List of What Statesboro Hide Company Buys

WE BUY HIDES, TALLOW, BEESWAX, METALS, RUBBER, BAGS, RAGS, BURLAP, BONES, OLD AUTOMOBILES. WE ESPECIALLY NEED 30 CAR LOADS SCRAP IRON AT ONCE, SUCH AS OLD PLOWS, STOVES, SHOP SCRAP, IN FACT MOST ANYTHING YOU HAVE TO SELL. GET YOUR WAGONS BUSY AND HELP US FILL THIS CONTRACT. WE ARE PAYING SPECIAL PRICES.

WRITE US, PHONE US AND COME TO SEE US. YOURS FOR BUSINESS,

Statesboro Hide Company

NO. 9 CHERRY ST. STATESBORO, GA. PHONE 320

S. & S. RAILWAY

TIME TABLE EFFECTIVE JUNE 30, 1918.

Ex Sun Daily Sun	Daily Sun Ex Sun	Ex Sun Daily Sun	Daily Sun Ex Sun
8:20	8:47	8:20	8:47
8:36	9:03	8:36	9:03
8:47	9:14	8:47	9:14
8:53	9:20	8:53	9:20
8:57	9:24	8:57	9:24
9:05	9:32	9:05	9:32
9:15	9:42	9:15	9:42
9:25	9:52	9:25	9:52
9:35	10:02	9:35	10:02
9:40	10:08	9:40	10:08
9:45	10:13	9:45	10:13
9:50	10:18	9:50	10:18
10:10	10:38	10:10	10:38
10:15	10:43	10:15	10:43
10:20	10:48	10:20	10:48
10:35	11:03	10:35	11:03

How You Can Help

What to Save & What to Use

Prepared by Federal Food Administration for Georgia

WHAT FOOD ADMINISTRATION ASKS YOU TO DO TO SAVE SUGAR

For the Householder.

1. No household should have on hand more than two pounds of sugar at any one time for table and cooking use and not more than twenty-five pounds for canning.
2. Canning sugar must be kept separate from that purchased for household purposes. Check up the quantity on hand, the amount of fruit put up and compare it with the original amount purchased. Any excess canning sugar left over MUST be returned to the grocer. It is not permitted to use this for table purposes.
3. Do all preserving without sugar wherever possible, adding it when used in the winter or at a time when sugar will be more plentiful.
4. Each person in a family is allowed two pounds of sugar per month, which means that not more than six half lumps or three teaspoons may be used each day by any individual without exceeding the allowance. This two-pound allotment includes that used for cooking.

For Public Eating Houses.

1. All sugar bowls must be kept off the tables and individual sugar furnished each patron.
2. Not more than two half lumps or one teaspoonful of sugar may be served a customer at a meal. He may have his choice of lump or granulated sugar but not both.

A Sugar Kitchen Card Making The Old Dessert Into A Patriotic One

Every housewife throughout the land knows there is a sugar shortage. Perhaps she has gone to the grocery in a hurry to give a 25-pound order of sugar for canning and preparing and has been told she must sign a certificate issued by her local Food Administrator. Or perhaps she has asked for a 5 or 10 pound bag of granulated sugar for cooking and table use and has had stingily meted out to her a one or two pound bag.

"Do tell us, then, exactly how much sugar we may have and help us to make that go round," is the universal cry. And that is exactly what the Food Administration wants to do.

Every territory, down to the smallest town or hamlet, has a local Food Administrator who is in charge of the national rulings as fast as they come from Washington. The present maximum sugar ration for household use is 2 pounds per person per month. This means 1 ounce per day or about 6 2/3 level teaspoons. Put that on your kitchen card where you can see it from time to time.

Included in this 2-pound ruling, so far, are all cane and beet sugars, as well as all raw sugars, brown sugars, and refined sugars.

Sweetenings not included in this, then, are maple sugar, various kinds of sirups, honey and fruit juices. The proper amount of these to use in recipes that call for sugar must be gradually learned; but in place of one cup of sugar the same amount of honey is generally used, while 1 1/3 to 2 cups of sirup is required. Approximately the same sweetness is obtained.

Every cup of sirup or honey furnishes 1/4 cup of liquid, therefore for every cup of sirup or honey that is substituted for sugar, reduce the original amount of liquid in the recipe 1/4 cup, (16 level tablespoons equal 1 cup).

There are certain "do's" and "don'ts" that may be found suggestive and helpful on a sugar kitchen card: Do not serve sugar desserts. Do not sweeten fruit indiscriminately. Do not hoard—buy only two pounds at a time if you are a city dweller, or five pounds if you live remote from markets. Do not use sugar on cereals when fruit juices will do as well. Do not put an open sugar bowl on the table. Do not frost your cakes.

Do use fruit juices for sweetening summer drinks. Do can and preserve fruits without sugar, whenever possible. Do return to the grocer any unused balance left from canning allotment. Do remember that our soldiers need sugar more than we do.

On every sugar kitchen card should be written a reminder to consult the Fair Price List, as published from time to time, when buying sugar. In this, as in all other commodities, the United States Food Administration is trying to stabilize the retail price throughout the country and any overcharge should be reported to the local Administrator.

We are heirs of great happenings. Shall we surrender our inheritance?

Rigid Sugar Enforcement

Information comes to Dr. A. M. Soule, federal food administrator, that for having served three teaspoonsful of sugar and five ounces of bread to a customer at one meal, an order was issued by Dr. Harry B. Barnard, federal food administrator for Indiana, closing for one week the M. & R. restaurant, Ft. Wayne.

Every producing farm is a dynamo of resources with the Allies.

Restaurants and hotels are restricted to two pounds of sugar for every ninety meals served. This includes sugar for kitchen as well as table use.

Sugar bowls have been banished from American dining cars—a traveler is served his portion of sugar and not more.

DR. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin

proved more satisfactory than any other laxative I have ever used. The other members of my family also use it and we recommend it highly.

(From a letter to Dr. Caldwell written by Mr. Charles Penke, 5005 N. 3rd Street, Philadelphia, Pa.)

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin

The Perfect Laxative

Sold by Druggists Everywhere

50 cts. (Two) \$1.00

A combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin that acts in an easy, natural way, and is as safe for children as it is positively effective on the strongest constitution. A trial bottle can be obtained free of charge by writing to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 458 Washington Street, Monticello, Illinois.

AN ORDINANCE

To prohibit the keeping of stagnant water on the premises of a private person or a corporation within the limits of the city of Statesboro; to prohibit owners or tenants of land within said city from allowing growth of weeds and vegetation thereon and allowing the same to remain on said lands so as to shade the same; to provide for punishment for the violation of this ordinance, and for other purposes.

Section 1. Be it ordained by the Mayor and City Council of Statesboro, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, that from and after the passage of this ordinance it shall be unlawful for any person or corporation owning or occupying any land within the City of Statesboro to allow or permit any barrel, well, can or other container to remain on said property when the same shall contain stagnant water except that in case where such water is kept for fire protection the same may be so kept, provided that from May 15 to Oct. 15 of each year a sufficient amount of oil shall be kept on said water to prevent the raising of mosquitoes.

Be it further ordained by the authority aforesaid that it shall be unlawful for any person or corporation owning or occupying any vacant or partly vacant land within said City to permit to grow thereon weeds or vegetation to such an extent that the same shall constitute a shade or refuge for mosquitoes or other obnoxious insects.

Sec. 2. Be it further ordained that in order for the owner or tenant having or on the land or structure to be punished for the violation of section 2 of this ordinance, and it shall be necessary for the chief of police of said city or other policeman or sanitary inspector of said city to give such person in at least five days notice to cut, destroy or remove said weeds; and if same are not cut, destroyed or removed in said period such person shall be guilty under this ordinance.

Sec. 4. Be it further ordained that in the event of failure of the owner or agent of such property having the care of the same to cut and remove such weeds or destroy the same within the time named by the Mayor and City Council of Statesboro shall, at the expense of such owner or tenant of such property have the same cut and removed or destroyed. The expense of cutting, removing or destroying such weeds shall be a charge upon the property from which such weeds were cut, removed or destroyed, and said amounts, together with the names of the persons owning the lands in question shall be furnished to the city clerk, who shall send the same to the property owner, and should the said bills not be paid within fifteen days after the same are so sent, it shall be the duty of the clerk of city council to issue executions against such property owner and the property to cover same with cost and execution shall be made and levied out of the property described therein as are executions for city taxes.

Sec. 5. Be it further ordained that any person violating this ordinance shall be punished by fine not exceeding \$50.00 and by imprisonment in the guard house of said city not to exceed thirty days, one or both of said penalties, in the discretion of the mayor or acting mayor of said city.

Adopted at regular meeting August 13, 1918.

J. W. ROUNTREE, Mayor.

L. W. ARMSTRONG, Clerk of Council.

(22Aug-18)

exceed the supply, in supplying con-

ADMINISTRATRIX SALE.

GEORGIA—Bulloch County. By virtue of an order of the court of ordinary granted at chambers on Aug. 26th, 1918 will be sold at public outcry before the court house in Statesboro on the 7th day of September, 1918, within the legal hours of sale the following personal property of the estate of David F. Burns, deceased to-wit:

One certain gray colored 7-passenger, 6-cylinder Studebaker automobile. Said car was purchased new a time ago and is in good condition. This August 26th 1918.

MOZELL BURNS, Adm'r. D. F. Burns, (22Aug-18)

FRED T. LANIER, Attorney for the estate.

FARM LANDS FOR SALE.

For bargains in farm land in Calhoun County apply to L. E. JENNINGS, Statesboro, Ga. (11Aug-18)

FOR LEAVE TO SELL.

GEORGIA—Bulloch County. Mrs. Lucy Lee Lewis, guardian of the person and property of Deway Lee, Lee Moore Lee and Bobbie Lee, minor children of Bob Lee, deceased, having applied for leave to sell certain lands belonging to said wards, notice is hereby given that said application will be heard at my office on the first Monday in September, 1918.

This August 8th, 1918.

S. L. MOORE, Ordinary.

FOR LEAVE TO SELL.

GEORGIA—Bulloch County. J. L. Renfro, administrator of the estate of S. E. Mikell, late of said county deceased, having applied for leave to sell certain lands belonging to said estate, notice is hereby given that said application will be heard at my office on the first Monday in September, 1918.

This August 8th, 1918.

S. L. MOORE, Ordinary.

PETITION FOR GUARDIANSHIP.

V. E. Burns having applied for guardianship of the persons and property of Brenda Mae Burns, Lillie Hagins Burns, Elsie Burns and Burns, minor children of D. F. Burns, late of said county, deceased, notice is given that said application will be heard at my office on the first Monday in September, 1918.

This August 8, 1918.

S. L. MOORE, Ordinary.

FOR DISMISSION.

GEORGIA—Bulloch County. E. C. Oliver, administrator of the estate of Ida Johnson, deceased, having applied for dismission from said administration, notice is hereby given that said petition will be heard at my office on the first Monday in September, 1918.

This August 8, 1918.

S. L. MOORE, Ordinary.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

All persons holding claims against the estate of Ida Johnson, deceased, are required to present same within the time prescribed by law, and all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate settlement with the undersigned.

This 10th day of August, 1918.

E. C. McCRAUN, Administrator. (11Aug-18)

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. Anna Potter is visiting relatives in Savannah.

Mrs. J. D. Williams of Savannah is visiting her sister, Mrs. Ella Bland.

Mr. and Mrs. Bartow Parrish and family spent last Saturday in Augusta.

Miss Lucy Fox of Guyton was the weekend guest of Miss Ora Franklin.

Miss Vennie Lee Everett has returned from a visit to Miss Zada Bird at Metter.

Mrs. Doberson, of Jacksonville, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Waters.

Mr. and Mrs. Hinton Booth have returned from a trip to New York and Washington.

Miss Maggie M. Maull has returned from a visit to Mrs. Ellory Franklin, at Metter.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Grimes have returned from New York, where they spent the past ten days.

Mr. Logan DeLoach of Waynesboro visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. DeLoach, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Massey and children and Dr. J. E. Donohoe have returned from St. Simons and Barwick.

Dr. and Mrs. C. H. Parrish and daughters, Miss Ruth and Henrietta, have returned from Brunswick.

Miss Bessie Louise Chandler, after a visit of several days with Miss Sybil Williams, will return home tomorrow.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Smith spent Sunday in Augusta with their son, Mr. Ernest Smith, who is stationed at Camp Hancock.

Mrs. Claude Barfield and little daughter, Fannie Lee, of America, are the guests of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. T. P. Brannen.

Misses Annie Laurie Turner and Mamie Sue Thrasher spent the last weekend as the guests of Miss Nellie Lee, near Brooklet.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Johnson and Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Mann, of Savannah, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Siquefield during the week.

Mr. L. W. Williams and children left during the week for New York to join Dr. Williams, who is with the medical corps of the United States army.

ALDERMAN EDMONDS.
On August 24th at seven o'clock in the morning, Miss Annie Mae Alderman and Mr. Willie H. Edmonds were united in marriage at the home of her uncle, Mr. M. W. Aiken, on South Main street.

The house was beautifully decorated in ferns and pot plants.

Mr. John Zetterover was best man and Miss Emma Lou Alderman, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid. Messrs. Brooks Denmark and Marion Welch, both of the U. S. Navy, acted as ushers.

The bride was gowned in a blue serge traveling suit with a hat and blouse to match. She carried a bouquet of bride's roses. The bride's maid was charming in a gown of champagne tulle.

The wedding march was played by Miss Maggie Mae Maull. The ceremony was performed by Elder W. H. Crouse.

The couple left immediately for Charleston, S. C., where Mr. Edmonds is chief yeoman of the U. S. Navy stationed at Port Royal.

A CANE GRINDING.
Miss Annie Lee Dickerson entertained a number of her friends very delightfully with a cane grinding on Wednesday evening. Among those present were Messrs. Sadie and Jewell McElveen, Mary and Earl Aycock, John, Annie and Hester Lanier, Ola Jones, Carrie Barton, Beulah and Bertha Lanier, Mary and Janet Roach, Esda Hughes, Sadie and Carrie Smith, Minnie Shuman, Mary and Wilma Wise, and Annie Lee Dickerson. Messrs. Leon and Grady Nevils, Ronald Proctor, Grady and Shafter Futch, Bula Nesmith, Herman Casson, Edwin Mitchell, Andrew Rimes Sylvester Neal, Brooks and Dewey Lanier, Eli Scott, Willie, Archie and Perry Denmark, Jesse Aycock, Palmer and Elliott Lanier, Hoyt and Ben Griffin, Dewey Sherrard, Hubert Waters, Lee Smith, Sam Roach, Leroy Burk and Bertman Bell.

RUBY LEE WATERS.
Ruby Lee Waters, aged 11 months, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Waters, died Friday morning after a brief illness. The interment was at Northside church the same afternoon.

PROGRAM

Senior B. Y. P. U. Sunday Afternoon Sept. 1st, 5 o'clock.

Lesson—Miss Mabel Brunson. Subject, "Why Men are not Saved."

Bible lesson, Jer. 8:12-22—Mrs. Singleton. Eph. 3:17, 18, 19—Miss Myrtle Anderson.

Introduction—Leader. Love's Backward Reach—Mr. Ed. Kennedy.

Piano solo—Miss Lena Belle Brannen. Love's Downward Reach—Miss Annie Thompson.

Vocal solo—Miss Julia Carmichael. Love's Outward Reach—Mr. Wallace Cobb.

Love's Forward Reach—Mr. P. H. Preston. Love's Upward Reach—Pearle Horne.

Duet—Mr. P. H. Preston and Mrs. Moon.

FACULTY IS COMPLETED FOR F. D. A. S. SCHOOL.

OPENING DATE SET FOR MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2—PUBLIC IS INVITED.

Due to war conditions several changes have been made in the faculty of the First District A. & M. School. Professor Rowan, principal, announces the following faculty:

Captain William H. Armstrong, Agriculturalist, is an B. S. graduate of the Massachusetts Agricultural College and Boston University. He has studied at Harvard and various experimental stations in the South. He has held positions of honor and trust. He was superintendent of schools of Porto Rico, and was appointed to survey the island of Porto Rico. He has been a commissioned officer in the United States army for fourteen years. Captain Armstrong is the inventor of the shrapnel shell and several agricultural implements, among them the keystone egg preserving machine and a roller tooth harrow. Besides being an agriculturist, he will be commander and director of manual training.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Elliott will be assistant, agriculturist and teach some of the literary subjects. He studied agriculture at Purdue University and has taught five or six years.

Miss Helen M. Ryland is an A. B. graduate of Cornell-Newman College and has a S. D. degree in domestic science at Columbia University. She will have the chair of domestic science and art.

Miss Laura Harris is a graduate of Broun College and has taught history there several years. She will be head of the English and history department.

Mrs. Louise M. Bryn will have the chair of mathematics and science. She is a graduate of Peabody College and has done special work at Vanderbilt University. She has had several years experience teaching these subjects.

Miss Jane Maxwell has been elected as teacher of piano and voice. She graduated from Bessie Tift College and has had special training in music outside of her college work.

Miss Camilla Yarborough will be expression teacher and assistant English teacher and physical director for the girls.

Miss Mamie Castellow will have charge of the girls' dormitory as matron. She has had several years experience in this work.

Mrs. V. J. Ward, the efficient manager of the culinary department, has accepted the same position for the coming year.

Miss Mamie Jay has been elected secretary of the school. She studied at a Columbus business college and has had several years experience in business.

Mr. N. G. Dugger, shop superintendent last year, will have charge of that department again.

Mr. Doyle Dasher, graduate of this school, has been elected farm superintendent.

Monday, September 2nd, has been announced as day for registration day and assigning rooms. Class grading and examinations will be held Tuesday. Chapel exercises for students and any visitors who care to attend, will be held in the school auditorium at seven o'clock Tuesday.

COTTON AROUND 35 CENTS.
A steadily advancing cotton market during the past week has had the effect of bringing the crop to market as rapidly as gathered, and heavy receipts have been the result. On Saturday there were over 300 bales, and the price reached near 35 cents. At the beginning of the present week a slight decline was witnessed, but today the price has gone up again, and the record on the local market has been only slightly below 35 cents.

MANY PROFESSIONS TO PAY WAR TAXES

NEW BILL EXEMPTS FARMERS, MECHANICS, MINISTERS AND TEACHERS.

Washington, Aug. 13.—Proprietors of all business and professional men with only a few exemptions will pay an annual federal license of \$10 and heads of wholesale concerns doing a yearly business of \$200,000 or more will be required to pay an annual fee of \$25, according to a schedule inserted today in the draft of the \$8,000,000,000 revenue bill by the House ways and means committee.

Farmers, mechanics, ministers and teachers will be exempted from the \$10 occupational tax, as will concerns doing an annual business of less than \$2,000.

Secretary McAdoo will appear before the committee tomorrow in support of the treasury plan for new excess profits and alternative war profits taxes. Members of the committee at the close of today's session said the bill would be ready for presentation to the House when that body reassembled Monday.

Chairman Kitchen in announcing tonight that the bill would provide means for raising all of the \$8,000,000,000 originally allotted to be raised by taxation made the following statement:

"Today we put a 10 per cent tax on all jewelry composed wholly or partly of platinum in addition to the 10 per cent manufacturers' tax on all forms of jewelry as agreed to already by the committee. We require vendors to keep a record so the government may know where all the platinum in the country is located and how much.

The committee adopted an occupational tax. There is no definite estimate yet as to how much it will raise in revenue. Under the plan adopted the proprietors of any concern doing business of \$2,000 a year or more will pay \$10 annual tax and wholesale concerns doing business of \$200,000 or more will have to pay a tax of \$25 along similar lines. This does not apply to clerks or employees of concerns nor to salaried men, farmers, clergymen, school teachers or mechanics.

The income tax was amended so as to provide for payment in Canada, or in any foreign country, of the taxes on incomes earned in those countries by American citizens or corporations, the tax to be paid as prescribed by the laws of those countries.

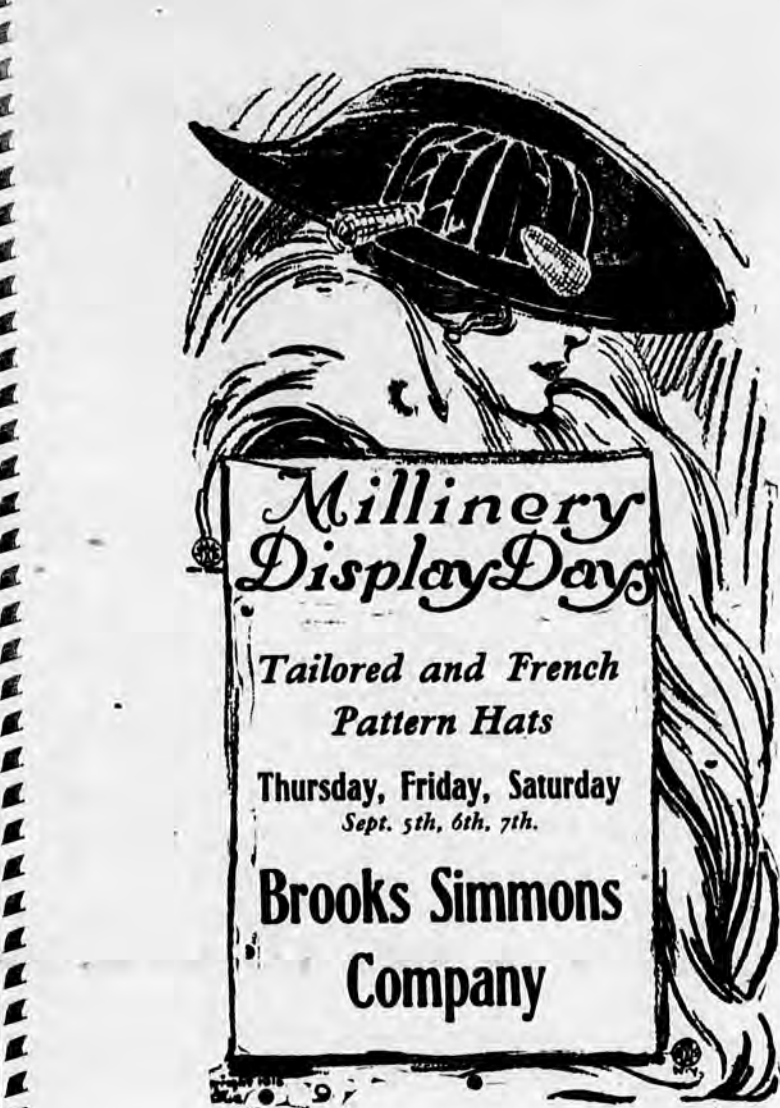
"We discussed the question of allowance for depletion of oil wells, but deferred action until tomorrow.

"The committee amended the 10 per cent tax on amount paid for leased wire and talking circuits, the amendment exempting newspapers, press associations and periodicals, leaving the original provision standing as to everything else, including stock brokerage leased lines and circuits.

"When the committee adjourned there was pending proposals to increase the taxes on the larger personal incomes, by graduating the incomes of \$70,000 a year or more at still higher rates, and to increase the taxes on all estates of \$1,000,000 or more."

THE METEOR PHONOGRAPH.
The Star of the Phonograph World

Price, \$100.00 including 12 records. Plays all makes of records. For demonstration write JEROME FOLLETTE FACTORY DISTRIBUTOR Millen, Ga. Statesboro, Ga.



Millinery Display Days
Tailored and French Pattern Hats
Thursday, Friday, Saturday
Sept. 5th, 6th, 7th.
Brooks Simmons Company

STATSBORO HIGH SCHOOL OPENING IS ANNOUNCED

All Patrons of School are Invited to Be Present at Opening Exercises.

The fall term of Statesboro High School will open on September 2nd, at eight o'clock.

Everything is in readiness for the opening, and all parents are urged to see that their children are in for this first day of school for proper classification.

Students who have conditions will be expected to stand examinations of school, as no more first grade pupils will be admitted after this time unless they have attended school before.

We invite all parents to come out to the opening, and meet the teachers who will have charge of their children for the ensuing year.

A full faculty has been procured, and we are anticipating a good year's work, and in order that we may not be disappointed, we urge upon every parent to see to it that their children are in school every day, unless provisionally hindered.

We also urge all parents to give the school their loyal support in all of its undertakings.

We appreciate the loyalty of teachers, pupils and parents for last session, and we hope for a continuance of same, and if we get this, our school will be a success.

R. M. MONTGOMERY, Supt.

666 cures Chills and Fever.

SALE OF TIMBER.
Georgia—Bulloch County. Agreeably to an order of the court of ordinary of said county, granted at the July, 1918, term, the undersigned, as guardian for Annie Akerman, a minor, will sell before the court house door in Statesboro, Ga., on the 1st Tuesday in September, 1918, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder, all the sawmill timber upon that tract of land in the 120th district, belonging to said minor, containing thirty acres more or less and being bounded as follows:

North by lands of Mollie Donaldson, east by lands of Williams, Outland & Co., south by lands of T. M. Howard and west by lands of T. Y. Akins.

Terms, cash.
This August 6, 1918.
R. H. AKERMAN, Guardian.

RUB-MY-TISM No. 666

Will cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headaches, Cramps, Colic Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Old Sores, Tetters, Ring-worm, Eczema, etc. Anti-septic Anodyne, used internally or externally. 25c.

This is a prescription prepared especially for MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken as a tonic the Fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Calomel.

Gas! Oil!
"PROMPT SERVICE"

THACKSTON MOTOR CO.
EAST MAIN STREET NEXT TO EXPRESS OFFICE

LET US DEMONSTRATE "THRIFT CAR"

IT'S EVERYTHING A CAR SHOULD BE. CARS FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

We Have Enlisted To Help Win This War

Willard
STORAGE BATTERY

NOTICE!

1. You can obtain testing and filling service as heretofore but in return you must purchase a thrift stamp.

2. Our Salesroom, Repair Shop and all other departments will be closed after 6:00 p. m. daily and all day Sundays and Holidays.

3. In order to eliminate all unnecessary office work, the government has requested that all business be conducted as economically and efficiently as possible. Therefore on and after August 15th, 1918, CHARGE ACCOUNTS WILL BE DISCONTINUED.

Futch Battery Station
E. A. FUTCH, Manager.

DISTRICT DRAFT BOARD RESIGNS IN A BODY

FEEL THEY HAVE DONE MORE THAN ENOUGH—WANT BURDEN SHARED BY OTHERS.

Savannah, Sept. 5.—The members of the District Exemption Board No. 1, with headquarters in the Savannah Bank and Trust Co., yesterday in a body tendered their resignations to the government selective officer for the state. They feel that they have done their duty at a great sacrifice to themselves and others should step forward and lift the burden from their shoulders for a time.

The resignation was sent to Maj. M. Lee of Fitzgerald, D. M. Bradley, a new board will be named by him, subject to the Governor's confirmation.

The members of this board are: W. C. Verese of Moultrie, chairman; J. J. E. Anderson of Statesboro, clerk; J. M. Lee of Fitzgerald, D. M. Bradley of Hagan and Dr. T. H. McIntosh of Thomsville.

The following authorized statement was given out with reference to the resignation:

"To the Press Within Our Jurisdiction:—The District Board No. 1 for the Southern District of Georgia, authorizes me, as their secretary, to make the following statement:

"Our chairman having tendered his resignation to the department heretofore, he states that he is insisting upon it for the reason therein stated; and upon the receipt of the letter or communication directed to this board by the adjutant general of the state on Aug. 6, thanking us for the sacrifices already made by this board in their work and calling upon us for greater sacrifices in the future, under the new registration, and stating that any member or members of the board who, for business or other good reason could not make the sacrifice as a member, should tender their resignations before the new registration occurs."

This board having given more than a year of its time to the labor required by it is members of this board, and on account of the great business sacrifices they are required to make in the future, they are tendering to the department, for the reasons above, as suggested in the department's letter of Aug. 6, together with each other personal reasons as each member of the board may have assigned.

J. J. E. Anderson, "Secretary District Board No. 1, of Southern District of Georgia."

ENLISTED MEN TO WORK ON PICRIC ACID PLANT

Brunswick, Ga., Sept. 3.—While skilled and unskilled labor can find ample employment at the great picric acid plant, near this city, and while every effort is going to continue to secure this labor, Major William Blackhead, constructing quartermaster has announced that the labor

problem, in a manner, is solved in regard to this particular plant.

In what appeared to be a serious problem the war department has established a precedent that has proved effective. At the request of the officials in charge of the work of constructing the plant the war department has agreed to grant furloughs to enlisted men in the training camps and permit them to come to this plant to fill in any places that their special fitness qualifies them, forfeiting the pay now received in the army and receiving the increased amount which is paid by the government for other than military service. This does not place the soldier worker in competition with organized labor and at the same time it affords the enlisted man an opportunity to follow his trade at union wages.

The members of this board are: W. C. Verese of Moultrie, chairman; J. J. E. Anderson of Statesboro, clerk; J. M. Lee of Fitzgerald, D. M. Bradley of Hagan and Dr. T. H. McIntosh of Thomsville.

The following authorized statement was given out with reference to the resignation:

"To the Press Within Our Jurisdiction:—The District Board No. 1 for the Southern District of Georgia, authorizes me, as their secretary, to make the following statement:

"Our chairman having tendered his resignation to the department heretofore, he states that he is insisting upon it for the reason therein stated; and upon the receipt of the letter or communication directed to this board by the adjutant general of the state on Aug. 6, thanking us for the sacrifices already made by this board in their work and calling upon us for greater sacrifices in the future, under the new registration, and stating that any member or members of the board who, for business or other good reason could not make the sacrifice as a member, should tender their resignations before the new registration occurs."

This board having given more than a year of its time to the labor required by it is members of this board, and on account of the great business sacrifices they are required to make in the future, they are tendering to the department, for the reasons above, as suggested in the department's letter of Aug. 6, together with each other personal reasons as each member of the board may have assigned.

J. J. E. Anderson, "Secretary District Board No. 1, of Southern District of Georgia."

SON SAW HIS DAD IN WAR MOVIE PICTURE

Atlanta, Sept. 3.—Seated in a motion picture theatre watching a war film issued by the war department, W. S. Kent of Atlanta, was astonished and thrilled to see his father walk down the gangplank of a transport ship tied up at the dock of a port in France, and turn around facing the camera, where he stood for several minutes, as again life-size on the screen.

The father, Owen Kent, is now an American staff officer with the rank of major. He is a veteran of the Spanish-American war and went into the service last March. His son did not know that he had sailed for France.

The men, of course, can cross by scrambling down and up the sides, and probably by a few crossings that have been thrown hurriedly over, although at the moment the existence of crossings is not known.

Some idea of the German disorganization may be had from the fact that a number of crews of German howitzers captured were standing around their guns, which they had blown up. Others complained that they had had nothing to eat for four days because of the great disorganization at their rear.

The lack of German shellfire was explained in many instances when gunners captured said they had no ammunition. Many times, they declared, they could have fired upon enemy positions had they had shells, but they had no shells and could not get any.

The fighting this afternoon seems to be more vigorous along the northern part of the Hindenburg line than elsewhere. The British are sweeping along outside it from the point where it joined the Drocourt-Queant line. Considerable progress is reported and large numbers of Germans have been killed or taken prisoners. Thousands of prisoners are coming into the cages from the enemy ranks. One army had 6,000 Germans in its cages this afternoon. How many machine guns were captured will not be known for many days, but there were thousands.

The prisoners were of all sorts, including cavalrymen who had been dismounted and fought as infantry. The hard pressed German commanders took men from everywhere, no matter what they were supposed to be.

This rule forces newspapers to stop all subscriptions that are not paid in advance on October 1, 1918, and prohibits newspapers extending any credit on subscriptions.

(Signed) THOS. E. DONNELLY, Chief Pulp and Paper Section, War Industries Board.

RULES GOVERNING NEWSPAPERS.
ISSUED BY THE WAR INDUSTRIES BOARD.

The Priorities Board of the War Industries Board has listed paper mills as an essential industry and has asked them to furnish paper to any consumer who will pay for it in cash or by check, and to the greatest possible extent in the use of paper by the newspapers shall be 15 per cent on weekdays and 20 per cent on Sunday editions.

Paper mills will be put upon the priority list for coal conditional upon signing a pledge that they will furnish no paper to any consumer who will pay for it in cash or by check, and to the greatest possible extent in the use of paper by the newspapers shall be 15 per cent on weekdays and 20 per cent on Sunday editions.

These pledges are now being prepared and will be furnished shortly. One copy will be left on file with the mill and the other will be sent to this office.

Effective immediately.

1. Discontinue the acceptance of the return of unsold copies.

2. DISCONTINUE SENDING PAPER AFTER DATE OF EXPIRATION OF SUBSCRIPTION. UNDER THE SUBSCRIPTION IS RENEWED AND PAID FOR. This ruling to be effective October 1, 1918.

3. Discontinue the use of all sample copies or free promotion copies.

4. Discontinue giving sample copies to anybody except for office working copies, or where required by statute law in case of official advertising.

GERMANS FLEEING FROM FOCH'S FORCES

ENEMY HURRIES EASTWARD AS BRITISH FORCES MOP UP THE HINDENBURG LINE.

With the British army in France, Sept. 3, 4 p. m.—The British victory in the battle of the Drocourt-Queant line seems complete.

Without having delivered a single counter-attack and staggering from the blows administered to them yesterday, the Germans during the night and early this morning were in full flight from the eastern side of the Canal du Nord.

The Germans are hurrying eastward, leaving behind only pockets of machine gunners, and even resistance from these is gradually melting away.

Strong British forces are now fighting their way down the Hindenburg line itself and are clearing it up as they go. Meanwhile, a little south from here another force is driving on the Hindenburg line frontally.

The foe knows well that this movement contains a grave menace to some of his forces, and orders apparently have been issued to them to fight with all haste. The Canal du Nord, where the Germans are retreating, is simply a canal under construction and contains no water. It is like a railroad tunnel with the top off. It is 80 feet across and 60 feet deep, with its sides, for the most part, granite walls sloping slightly inward toward the bottom. There may be as hard fighting here as there was last year.

It was early in the morning, after a night in which a most stubborn battle was fought, that the Germans began to show real signs of generally being beaten.

The first indication that the Germans admitted defeat was when the British troops entered Recourt, after having reached the outskirts last night. They had been in the town only a few minutes when the enemy artillery began shelling it heavily and from a distance.

The British drove down the Arras-Cambrai road with ease today. One force, according to word received at Headquarters, captured Inchy-en-Artois; another occupied and cleaned up the entire Bulcy switch.

During the forenoon the British infantry moved forward so rapidly at many places that they completely outran their own artillery and pressed on with only machine guns preceding them. Since then, however, the guns have been brought up and a pump action has been set up at the front of the canal, especially at the point where it is crossed by the Arras-Cambrai road, for here is a bridge and the concentration of fire undoubtedly is seriously hindering the enemy efforts to get his transports and his guns on the east side.

The men, of course, can cross by scrambling down and up the sides, and probably by a few crossings that have been thrown hurriedly over, although at the moment the existence of crossings is not known.

Some idea of the German disorganization may be had from the fact that a number of crews of German howitzers captured were standing around their guns, which they had blown up. Others complained that they had had nothing to eat for four days because of the great disorganization at their rear.

The lack of German shellfire was explained in many instances when gunners captured said they had no ammunition. Many times, they declared, they could have fired upon enemy positions had they had shells, but they had no shells and could not get any.

The fighting this afternoon seems to be more vigorous along the northern part of the Hindenburg line than elsewhere. The British are sweeping along outside it from the point where it joined the Drocourt-Queant line. Considerable progress is reported and large numbers of Germans have been killed or taken prisoners. Thousands of prisoners are coming into the cages from the enemy ranks. One army had 6,000 Germans in its cages this afternoon. How many machine guns were captured will not be known for many days, but there were thousands.

The prisoners were of all sorts, including cavalrymen who had been dismounted and fought as infantry. The hard pressed German commanders took men from everywhere, no matter what they were supposed to be.

This rule forces newspapers to stop all subscriptions that are not paid in advance on October 1, 1918, and prohibits newspapers extending any credit on subscriptions.

(Signed) THOS. E. DONNELLY, Chief Pulp and Paper Section, War Industries Board.

RULES GOVERNING NEWSPAPERS.
ISSUED BY THE WAR INDUSTRIES BOARD.

The Priorities Board of the War Industries Board has listed paper mills as an essential industry and has asked them to furnish paper to any consumer who will pay for it in cash or by check, and to the greatest possible extent in the use of paper by the newspapers shall be 15 per cent on weekdays and 20 per cent on Sunday editions.

Paper mills will be put upon the priority list for coal conditional upon signing a pledge that they will furnish no paper to any consumer who will pay for it in cash or by check, and to the greatest possible extent in the use of paper by the newspapers shall be 15 per cent on weekdays and 20 per cent on Sunday editions.

These pledges are now being prepared and will be furnished shortly. One copy will be left on file with the mill and the other will be sent to this office.

Effective immediately.

1. Discontinue the acceptance of the return of unsold copies.

2. DISCONTINUE SENDING PAPER AFTER DATE OF EXPIRATION OF SUBSCRIPTION. UNDER THE SUBSCRIPTION IS RENEWED AND PAID FOR. This ruling to be effective October 1, 1918.

3. Discontinue the use of all sample copies or free promotion copies.

4. Discontinue giving sample copies to anybody except for office working copies, or where required by statute law in case of official advertising.

(Signed) THOS. E. DONNELLY, Chief Pulp and Paper Section, War Industries Board.

RULES GOVERNING NEWSPAPERS.
ISSUED BY THE WAR INDUSTRIES BOARD.

The Priorities Board of the War Industries Board has listed paper mills as an essential industry and has asked them to furnish paper to any consumer who will pay for it in cash or by check, and to the greatest possible extent in the use of paper by the newspapers shall be 15 per cent on weekdays and 20 per cent on Sunday editions.

Paper mills will be put upon the priority list for coal conditional upon signing a pledge that they will furnish no paper to any consumer who will pay for it in cash or by check, and to the greatest possible extent in the use of paper by the newspapers shall be 15 per cent on weekdays and 20 per cent on Sunday editions.

These pledges are now being prepared and will be furnished shortly. One copy will be left on file with the mill and the other will be sent to this office.

Effective immediately.

1. Discontinue the acceptance of the return of unsold copies.

2. DISCONTINUE SENDING PAPER AFTER DATE OF EXPIRATION OF SUBSCRIPTION. UNDER THE SUBSCRIPTION IS RENEWED AND PAID FOR. This ruling to be effective October 1, 1918.

3. Discontinue the use of all sample copies or free promotion copies.

4. Discontinue giving sample copies to anybody except for office working copies, or where required by statute law in case of official advertising.